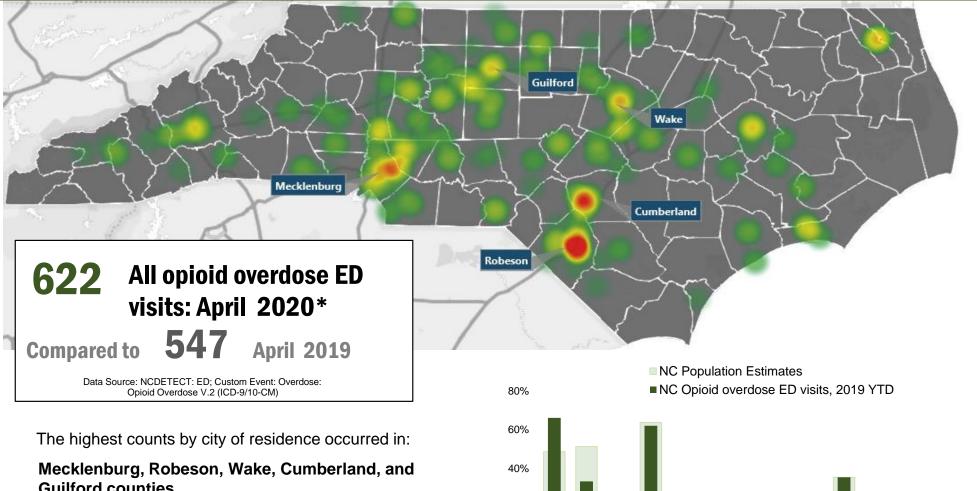
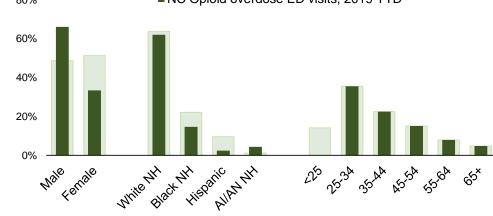
## **ALL OPIOID OVERDOSE ED VISITS: NORTH CAROLINA, APRIL 2020\***



**Guilford counties.** 

The highest rates of visits (≥10) per 100,000 residents occurred in:

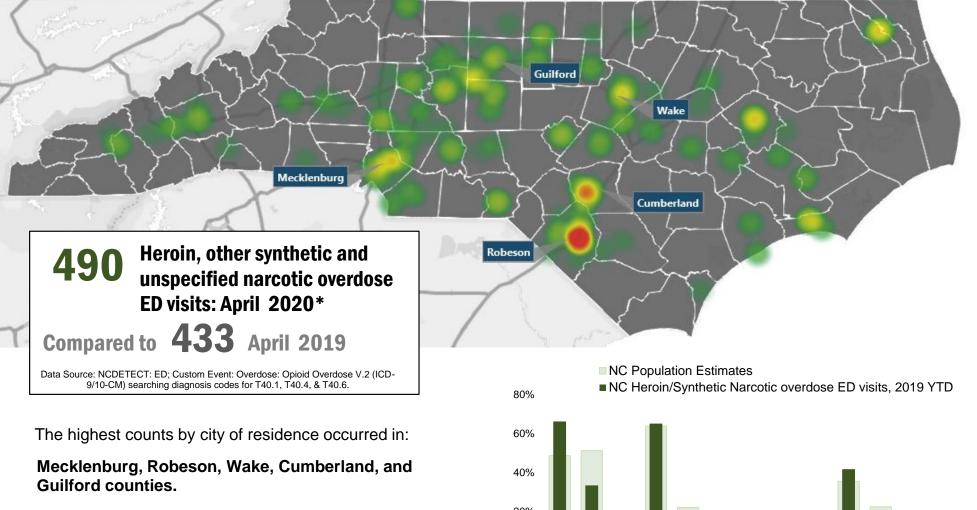
Robeson (40.2), Pasquotank (25.2), Carteret (20.1), Stanly (16.1), and Randolph (9.8) counties.



Note: NH(Non Hispanic). Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of an opioid overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents.\*Emergency department visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.



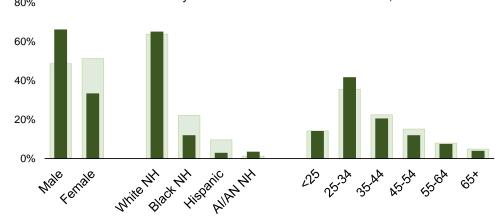
## HEROIN AND OTHER SYNTHETIC/ UNSPECIFIED NARCOTIC OVERDOSE ED VISITS, APRIL 2020\*



The highest rates of visits (≥10) per 100,000 residents

occurred in:

Robeson (37.9), Carteret (20.1), and Randolph (8.4) counties.



Note: NH(Non Hispanic). Counts based on diagnosis (ICD-9/10-CM code) of a heroin or other synthetic narcotic overdose of any intent (accidental, intentional, assault, and undetermined) for North Carolina residents. \*Emergency department visit data from NC DETECT are provisional and should not be considered final. There may be data quality issues affecting our counts: counties with <10 cases may not be true lack of opioid overdose cases but data quality issues; additionally, some hospitals use non-specific poisoning codes rather than specific opioid poisoning codes.

